Consolidated Balance Sheet as at March 31, 2020

Particulars	Note No.	As at March 31, 2020 (Rs.)	As at March 31, 2019 (Rs.)
<u>ASSETS</u>			
(1) Financial Assets (Refer Note 31)			
(a) Cash and cash equivalents	3	7,73,54,735	2,54,52,959
(b) Bank balances other than (a) above	4	-	5,00,00,000
(c) Investments	5	6,70,54,332	7,79,65,467
(d) Other financial assets	6	14,45,500	19,21,145
Total Financial Assets		14,58,54,567	15,53,39,571
(2) Non-Financial Assets			
(a) Current tax assets (net)	7	5,86,299	5,42,838
(b) Property, plant and equipment	9(a)	-	-
(c) Intangible Assets	9(b)	-	-
(d) Other Non Financial assets	8	29,855	1,30,631
Total Non-Financial Assets		6,16,154	6,73,469
TOTAL ASSETS		14 (4 70 721	15,60,13,040
TOTAL ASSETS		14,64,70,721	15,60,13,040
LIABILITIES AND EQUITY			
LIABILITIES			
(1) Financial Liabilities (Refer Note 31)			
(a) Trade payables			
- total outstanding dues of micro and small			
enterprises (Refer Note 21)		-	-
- total outstanding dues of creditors other than			
micro enterprises and small enterprises		10,55,098	12,23,394
(b) Other Financial Liabilities	10	5,17,609	86,499
Total Financial Liabilities		15,72,707	13,09,893
(2) Non-Financial Liabilities			
(a) Deferred Tax Liability	29	30,38,161	24,48,698
(b) Provisions	11	6,48,000	77,10,517
Total Non-Financial Liabilities		36,86,161	1,01,59,215
EQUITY			
Equity Share Capital	13	4,55,00,000	4,55,00,000
Other Equity	12	9,57,11,853	9,90,43,932
		14,12,11,853	14,45,43,932
TOTAL EQUITY AND LIABILITIES		14,64,70,721	15,60,13,040
		- 1,5 1,1 21	,,,010

See accompanying notes forming part of the financial statements 19 to 31

For Chandran & Raman

Chartered Accountants F.R.N. 000571S

For UTI Venture Funds Management Co. Pvt. Ltd.

P. R. Suresh Partner M.No. 027488 I Rahman **Director**

KEC Raja Kumar MD & CEO

Ajay Mittal **Director - PE**

Place : Bangalore Place : Bangalore
Date : 08-05-2020 Date : 08-05-2020

Consolidated Statement of Profit and Loss for the year ended March 31, 2020

Particulars	Note No.	For the year ended March 31, 2020 (Rs.)	For the year ended March 31, 2019 (Rs.)
Income		, , ,	, , ,
(a) Revenue from Operations	14		
i) Interest Income		46,55,455	36,09,925
ii) Net Gain/(Loss) on fair value changes		(8,73,196)	16,03,399
iii) Others - Net gains from derecognition of financial instruments			
under FVTPL category		22,553	21,95,134
Total Revenue from Operations		38,04,812	74,08,458
(b) Other Income	15	36,33,191	2,96,301
Total Income		74,38,003	77,04,759
P			
Expenses	1,	12 54 524	20442
Employee Benefits Expenses	16	13,51,534	3,96,142
Depreciation and Amortisation expense	9	- 07.75.045	10,938
Other Expenses	17	87,75,245	1,48,62,254
Total expenses		1,01,26,779	1,52,69,334
Profit/(Loss) before exceptional items and Tax		(26,88,776)	(75,64,575)
Exceptional item		-	-
Profit/(Loss) before tax		(26,88,776)	(75,64,575)
Tax expense:	29		
- Current tax expense for current year		-	-
- Short/(Excess) tax provsion relating to earlier years		8,396	7,74,095
- Deferred tax expense/(income)		5,89,463	3,20,297
		5,97,859	10,94,392
Profit/(Loss) After Tax		(32,86,635)	(86,58,967)
* Includes provision on account of tax deducted at source not refunded			
Other Comprehensive Income			
Items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss			
Remeasurement of defined benefit plans		-	31,566
Deferred tax on remeasurement of defined benefit plans		-	(8,782)
Other Comprehensive Income for the year		-	22,784
Total Comprehensive Income for the year		(32,86,635)	(86,36,183)
Basic and diluted earnings per equity share (of Rs. 10/- face value)			
- before exceptional items		(0.72)	(1.90)
- after exceptional items		(0.72)	(1.90)
Weighted Average No. of Equity Shares used in above computation		45,50,000	45,50,000
		,,	,,.

See accompanying notes forming part of the financial statements 19 to 31

For Chandran & Raman

Chartered Accountants F.R.N. 000571S

For UTI Venture Funds Management Co. Pvt. Ltd.

P. R. Suresh **Partner** M.No. 027488 I Rahman **Director** KEC Raja Kumar MD & CEO

Ajay Mittal **Director - PE**

Place : Bangalore
Date : 08-05-2020

Place : Bangalore
Date : 08-05-2020

Consolidated Cash Flow Statement for the year ended March 31, 2020

PARTICULARS		For Year ended March 3 Rs.		
A. Cash flows from operating activities				
Net profit/(loss) after taxation		(32,86,635)		(86,58,967)
Adjustments for:				
Provision for taxation	5,97,859		10,94,392	
Depreciation	-		10,938	
Fair value gains/losses on financial instruments	8,73,196		(16,03,399)	
Distributed profit from venture fund	-		-	
Profit on sale of Current and Non Current Investments (net)	(22,553)		(21,95,134)	
Profit on sale of Fixed Assets	-		(12,205)	
Provision for onerous contract	(35,15,953)		(1,16,325)	
Provision for contingencies	-		3,63,280	
Rental expenses/(interest income) on fair valuation of security dep	-		(51,683)	
Interest income on fixed deposits	-		(29,26,064)	
Foreign exchange fluctuation adjustment of investments in FCTR	(622)		(413)	
Provision for dimunition/(write back) (net)	- /	(20,68,073)	`_ ´	(54,36,613)
		(1,11,111)		(,,,
Operating profit before working capital changes		(53,54,708)		(1,40,95,580)
Adjustments for changes in working capital:				
(Increase) / Decrease in Trade receivables	-		1,10,575	
(Increase) / Decrease in loans & advances	(14,45,500)		1,46,21,621	
(Increase) / Decrease in other financial assets	-		=	
(Increase) / Decrease in other current assset	1,00,776		7,09,153	
Increase / (Decrease) in trade payables	(1,68,296)		1,47,346	
Increase / (Decrease) in long term provisions	-		-	
Increase / (Decrease) in short term provisions	(35,46,564)		1,32,142	
Increase / (Decrease) in other current liabilities	4,31,110	(46,28,474)	(28,897)	1,56,91,941
Cash generated from operations		(99,83,182)		15,96,361
Income taxes paid (net of refunds)		(51,857)		(2,91,345)
Net cash from operating activities		(1,00,35,039)	Ī	13,05,016
B. Cash flows from investing activities				
Receipts from distributions from venture funds	7,700		-	
Proceeds from sale of Furnitures	-		15,000	
Proceeds from redemption of investments (mutual funds)	1,00,53,414		7,28,25,034	
Purchase of investments (mutual funds)	-		-	
Investments in fixed deposits	5,00,00,000		(5,00,00,000)	
Interest received on fixed deposits	19,21,145		10,04,919	
Net cash from investing activities		6,19,82,259		2,38,44,953
Net increase/(decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		5,19,47,220		2,51,49,969
Effect of foreign exchange rate changes		(45,444)		(15,188)
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year		2,54,52,959		3,18,178
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the year		7,73,54,735		2,54,52,959

Cash-flow statement has been prepared using indirect method as envisaged by the Ind AS 7 on Statement of Cash flows

For Chandran & Raman Chartered Accountants

F.R.N. 000571S

For UTI Venture Funds Management Co. Pvt. Ltd.

P. R. Suresh Partner M.No. 027488 I Rahman KEC Raja Kumar Director MD & CEO

Ajay Mittal **Director - PE**

Place : Bangalore Place : Bangalore Date : 08-05-2020 Date : 08-05-2020

Statement of changes in Equity for the year ended March 31, 2020

A. Equity Share Capital

Particulars	Amount (Rs.)
Equity Shares of Rs. 10/- each, Issued, Subscribed	& Fully Paid Up
As at April 1, 2018	4,55,00,000
Changes in equity share capital	-
As at March 31, 2019	4,55,00,000
As at April 1, 2019	4,55,00,000
Changes in equity share capital	-
As at March 31, 2020	4,55,00,000

B. Other Equity

			Reserves and Surpl	us		Total Other
	Capital Reserve	Capital	General Reserve	Retained Earnings	FCT Reserve	Equity
		Redemption				
		Reserve				
Balance as at April 1, 2018	1,90,09,046	45,00,700	5,76,94,470	2,52,62,710	12,28,377	10,76,95,303
Profit/(Loss) for the year	-	-	-	(86,58,967)	-	(86,58,967)
Changes during the year	-	-	Ī	-	(15,188)	(15,188)
Other comprehensive income - Remeasurement of	-	-	ı			
defined benefit obligation				22,784	-	22,784
Balance as at March 31, 2019	1,90,09,046	45,00,700	5,76,94,470	1,66,26,527	12,13,189	9,90,43,932
For the year	-	_	-	(32,86,635)	-	(32,86,635)
Changes during the year	-	-	-	-	(45,444)	(45,444)
Other comprehensive income - Remeasurement of	-	=	-			
defined benefit obligation				-	-	-
Balance as at March 31, 2020	1,90,09,046	45,00,700	5,76,94,470	1,33,39,892	11,67,745	9,57,11,853

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2020

1 a) Background

UTI Venture Funds Management Co. Pvt. Ltd. ("the Company") is a wholly owned subsidiary of UTI Asset Management Co. Ltd. The Company's business consists of managing Private Equity and Venture Funds. These consolidated financial statements relate to the Company and its wholly owned subsidiary, UTI Private Equity Limited, Mauritius (previously known as UTI Private Equity Advisors Limited, Mauritius) together referred to as the 'Group'. The financial statements of the entities in the Group used in the consolidation are drawn up to the same reporting date i.e. March 31, 2020.

b) Principles of Consolidation

The financial statements of the Company and its subsidiary (being non-integral foreign operations) have been consolidated on a line by line basis by adding together like items of assets, liabilities, income and expense. The intra-group balances, intra-group transactions and unrealized profits or losses have been eliminated fully.

On consolidation, assets and liabilities relating to the non-integral foreign operations are translated at the exchange rate prevailing on the balance sheet date. Revenue and expenses are translated at the average rates prevailing in the period. Exchange differences arising out of these translations are included in the Balance sheet under Reserves and Surplus under the nomenclature "Foreign Currency Translation Reserve on Consolidation".

Figures pertaining to the subsidiary have been reclassified wherever necessary to bring them in line with the Company's financial statements.

c) The Company has a wholly owned subsidiary, UTI Private Equity Limited, Mauritius. The subsidiary Company is a holder of 100 management shares having a face value of USD 1 each in the offshore pooling vehicle of Fund II viz Ascent India Limited.

In addition to the management shares, Ascent India Limited has issued Class A and B Participating Shares at the face value of USD 100 each. The management shares do not carry any economic interest in the form of dividends, are not be redeemable but carry voting rights in the investment Company. Only the Participating shares carry the beneficial interest in the investment Company, are redeemable, entitled to dividends but are not entitled to voting rights in the investment Company.

Upon liquidation of the investment Company, the management shareholders are entitled to receive their nominal capital only, subject to a maximum of \$100. The management is of the opinion that since the management shares of the Company in Ascent India Limited do not have any economic benefits, consolidation of the financial statements of Ascent India Limited with UTI Private Equity Advisors as per Ind AS 110 will not be proper.

Accordingly, the financial statements of Ascent India Limited have been excluded from consolidation.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2020

2 Significant Accounting Policies

a) Basis of Preparation of Financial Statements

The Financial Statements comply in all material aspects with Indian Accounting Standards notified under section 133 of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act") in terms of Indian Accounting Standard Rules, 2015 and relevant provisions of the act.

The Financial Statements upto and including the year ended 31st March, 2018 were prepared in accordance with the Accounting Standards notified under Companies (Accounting Standard) Rules, 2006 and other relevant provisions of the Act.

b) Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements require the management of the Company to make estimation, judgements and assumptions that effect the reported balances of assets and liabilities and disclosures relating to the contingent liabilities as at the date of the financial statements and reported amounts of income and expenses during the period. Examples of such estimates include provision for accrued contribution to defined benefit obligation, useful life of Property, Plant and Equipments, provision for onerous contracts and contingencies. The estimates and assumptions used in the accompanying financial statements are based upon management's evaluation of the relevant facts and circumstances as of the date of financial statements. Actual results may differ from those estimates. Any revision to accounting estimate is recognized prospectively in the current and future periods.

c) Property, Plant and Equipment and Intangible Assets

Property, plant and equipment are stated at cost of acquisition less accumulated depreciation, and impairment losses, if any. The cost of acquisition is inclusive of duties, freight and other incidental expenses related to acquisition and installation of the assets. Subsequent expenditure related to an item of Property, Plant and Equipment is added to its book value, only if it increases the future benefits from existing asset beyond its previously assessed standard of performance. Capital work in progress is stated at cost.

The present value of the expected cost for the decommissioning of an asset after its use is included in the cost of the respective asset if the recognition criteria for a provision are met.

Gains or losses arising from disposal of Property, Plant and Equipments are measured as the differences between the net disposal proceeds and carrying amount of asset and are recognized in the Statement of Profit and Loss when the asset is disposed.

Computer equipment- 3 years Furniture & Fixtures- 10 years Office Equipment- 5 years

Leasehold improvements are amortised over the period of lease.

Intangible assets acquired separately are measured on initial recognition at cost. Such cost includes purchase price, borrowing cost, and cost directly attributable to brining the asset to its working condition for the intended use. Thereafter intangible assets are carried at cost less any accumulated amortisation and accumulated impairment losses.

Softwares are amortised over a period of 3 years on straight line method (SLM) on pro-rata basis.

Gains or losses arising from derecognition of an intangible asset are measured as the difference between the net disposal value and the carrying amount of the asset and are recognised in the Statement of Profit & Loss.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2020

d) Financials Instruments

i. Financial Assets (other than investments in subsidiaries)

All financial assets are initially recognized at fair value. Transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition or issue of financial assets and financial liabilities, which are not at fair value through profit or loss, are adjusted to the fair value on initial recognition.

Accordingly, initial recognition of investments in mutual funds and venture funds are recognized at fair value.

Interest-free security deposits are measured at Amortized Cost which shall be the present value of all expected future repayments discounted at prevailing market rates.

As per IND AS 109, Financial Assets have to be measured as follows:

a) Financial assets carried at Amortised Cost (AC)

A financial asset is measured at amortised cost if it is held within a business model whose objective is to hold the asset in order to collect contractual cash flows and the contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding. Accordingly, rent deposits given to Landlords which are interest free have also been given similar treatment.

b) Financial assets at Fair Value Through Other Comprehensive Income (FVTOCI)

A financial asset is measured at FVTOCI if it is held within a business model whose objective is achieved by both collecting contractual cash flows and selling financial assets and the contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

c) Financial assets at Fair Value Through Profit or Loss (FVTPL)

A financial asset which is not classified in any of the above categories is measured at FVTPL. Accordingly investments in mutual funds & venture funds will be measured at fair value through profit & loss.

ii. Financial assets - Investments in Subsidiaries

According to IND AS, the company has following options to account for the above subsidiaries:

a. At cost as per IND AS 27.

b. At Fair Value through Profit & Loss or Other Comprehensive Income as per IND AS 109

Accordingly, the Company has accounted for its investments in subsidiaries at cost.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2020

Derecognition of financial assets

The Company derecognizes a financial asset when the contractual rights to the cash flows from the financial asset expire or it transfers the financial asset and the transfer qualifies for derecognition under Ind AS 109.

Impairment of financial assets

In accordance with Ind AS 109, the company applies expected credit loss (ECL) model for measurement and recognition of impairment loss on trade receivables and investments.

iii. Financial liabilities

All financial liabilities are recognised initially at fair value and, in the case of loans and borrowings and payables, net of directly attributable transaction costs.

As per Ind AS 32, a financial liability is any liability that is a contractual obligation to deliver cash or another financial asset to another entity, or to exchange financial assets & liabilities with another entity under conditions that are potentially unfavourable to the entity.

Financial liabilities are carried at amortized cost using the effective interest method. For trade and other payables maturing within one year from the balance sheet date, the carrying amounts approximate fair value due to the short maturity of these instruments.

Derecognition of financial liabilities

A financial liability (or a part of a financial liability) is derecognized from the Company's Balance Sheet when the obligation specified in the contract is discharged or cancelled or expires.

e) Transactions in foreign currency

Company's functional currency is Indian Rupees (INR). Transactions in foreign currency are accounted for at the rate of exchange prevailing at the date of the transaction. Exchange differences, if any, arising out of transactions settled during the year are recognized in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

f) Revenue recognition

Income from management fees is recognised when they contractually accrue except when collectability is in doubt. Dividend income from investments is accounted when the right to receive dividends is established.

g) Employee Benefits

Short-term Employee benefits

The undiscounted amount of short term employee benefits expected to be paid in exchange for the services rendered by employees are recognised as an expense during the period when the employees render the services.

Defined benefit plans

Gratuity, which is a defined benefit scheme, is not funded and the cost of providing services is determined using the Projected Unit Credit Method, with actuarial valuations being carried out at each balance sheet date. Actuarial gains and losses are recognised in the Statement of Other Comprehensive Income (OCI) in the period in which they occur. Past service cost is recognised immediately. The retirement benefit obligation recognised in the Balance Sheet represents the present value of the defined benefit obligation as adjusted for unrecognised past service cost.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2020

h) Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalent in the balance sheet comprise cash at banks and on hand and short-term deposits with an original maturity of three months or less, which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value.

For the purpose of the statement of cash flows, cash and cash equivalents consist of cash and short-term deposits, as defined above, net of outstanding bank overdrafts as they are considered an integral part of the Company's cash management.

i) Taxation

Income tax expense comprises current tax expense and the net change in the deferred tax asset or liability during the year. Current and deferred tax are recognized in profit or loss, except when they relate to items that are recognized in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, in which case, the current and deferred tax are also recognized in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, respectively. Current income tax for the current and prior periods are measured at the amount expected to be paid to the taxation authorities based on the taxable income for that period. The tax rates and tax laws used to compute the amount are those that are enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date.

Deferred income tax is recognized on temporary differences at the balance sheet date between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts for financial reporting purposes, except when the deferred income tax arises from the initial recognition of goodwill or an asset or liability in a transaction that is not a business combination and affects neither accounting nor taxable profit or loss at the time of the transaction.

Deferred income tax assets are recognized for all deductible temporary differences, carry forward of unused tax credits and unused tax losses, to the extent that it is probable that taxable profit will be available against which the deductible temporary differences, and the carry forward of unused tax credits and unused tax losses can be utilized.

The carrying amount of deferred income tax assets is reviewed at each balance sheet date and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profit will be available to allow all or part of the deferred income tax asset to be utilized.

Deferred income tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the period when the asset is realized or the liability is settled, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the balance sheet date.

j) Contingencies and Provisions

In accordance with Ind AS 37, provisions are recognized when there is a present obligation as a result of a past event, it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation, and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation.

Contingent liabilities are not recognized in books of accounts. They are disclosed by way of notes, unless the possibility of an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits is remote.

Contingent assets are not recognized in financial statements. However, when the realization of income is virtually certain, then the related asset is not a contingent asset and its recognition is appropriate. A contingent asset is disclosed, only where an inflow of economic benefits is probable.

The Company estimates the unavoidable costs of meeting its obligation under a contract(s) which exceed the economic benefits expected to be received under it and recognises the same. Provision are validated every year and excess/short provision are adjusted in the statement of profit and loss.

k) Impairment of assets (other than financial assets)

At each Balance Sheet date, the management reviews the carrying amounts of assets to determine whether there is any indication that those assets were impaired. If any such indication exists, the recoverable amount of the asset is estimated in order to determine the extent of impairment loss. In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows expected from the continuing use of the asset and from its disposal are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects the current market assessments of time value of money and the risks specific to the asset. The reduction is treated as an impairment loss and is recognized in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

Reversal of impairment loss is recognized immediately as income in the Statement Profit and Loss.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2020

1) Fair value hierarchy

Fair value hierarchy:

All assets and liabilities for which fair value is measured or disclosed in the financial statements are categorized within the fair value hierarchy, described as follows, based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement as a whole:

- ▶ Level 1 Quoted (unadjusted) market prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities
- ▶ Level 2 Valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is directly or indirectly observable
- ▶ Level 3 Valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is unobservable

For assets and liabilities that are recognized in the financial statements on a recurring basis, the Company determines whether transfers have occurred between levels in the hierarchy by re-assessing categorization (based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement as a whole) at the end of each reporting period.

m) Segment Reporting

The company is primarily engaged in the investment management business. Company's chief operating decision makers review the company's operation as a whole and no different segments have been identified for this purposes and accordingly, no the Company do not have more than one operating segments as per Ind AS 108 'Operating Segments'. Hence there is no separate reporting requirement.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2020

arch 31, (Rs.)	As at March 31, 2019 (Rs.)
_	_
73,54,735	8,90,647
-	2,45,62,312
73,54,735	2,54,52,959
-	5,00,00,000
-	5,00,00,000
7.520	6,917
7,539	6,917
51,31,764	1,72,03,958
1,97,846	1,97,661
17,17,183	6,05,29,939
-	26,992
70,54,332	7,79,65,467
70,54,332	7,79,65,467
-	19,21,145
14,45,500	-
14,45,500	19,21,145
5,86,299	5,42,838
5,86,299	5,42,838
29,855	1,30,631
29,855	1,30,631

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 202

9(a). Property, Plant and Equipment

_	Property, Plant and Equipment			
_	Furniture & Fixtures	Total		
Cost				
As at April 1, 2019	-	-		
Additions	-	-		
Disposals	-	<u> </u>		
At March 31, 2020	-	-		
Depreciation/Amortisation	n			
At April 1, 2019	-	-		
Charge for the year	-	-		
Disposals	-			
At March 31, 2020	-	-		
Net Block				
At March 31, 2020	-	-		
Cost				
As at April 1, 2018	99,633	99,633		
Additions	-	-		
Disposals	(99,633)	(99,633)		
At March 31, 2019	-	-		
Depreciation/Amortisation	n			
At April 1, 2018	85,900	85,900		
Charge for the year	10,938	10,938		
Disposals	(96,838)	(96,838)		
At March 31, 2019	-	-		
Net Block				
At March 31, 2019	-	-		
9(b). Intangible Assets	-	-		

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2020

Particulars		As at March 31, 2020 (Rs.)	As at March 31, 2019 (Rs.)
10. Other Financial Liabilities			
Statutory dues		5,17,609	86,499
	TOTAL	5,17,609	86,499
11. Provisions			
Provision for onerous contracts (Refer Note 25)		_	35,15,953
Provision for contingencies		_	30,02,560
Provision for Income Tax (Net of advance taxes)		-	-
Other provisions (Refer Note 25)		6,48,000	6,06,000
Provision for Employee Benefits		, ,	, ,
Provision for gratuity		-	5,86,004
	TOTAL	6,48,000	77,10,517
12. Other Equity			
Capital Reserve	(A)	1,90,09,046	1,90,09,046
_			
Capital Redemption Reserve	(B)	45,00,700	45,00,700
General Reserve			
Opening Balance		5,76,94,470	5,76,94,470
Retained Earnings			
Opening Balance		1,66,26,527	2,52,62,710
Add: Fair value of investments in mutual funds a	nd venture		
funds over its carrying cost		-	-
Add: Fair value changes in security deposits		-	-
Add: Deferred tax (expense)/income		(22.07.625)	(07.27.102)
Add: Total Comprehensive income for the year		(32,86,635)	(86,36,183)
Closing Balance	(D)	1,33,39,892	1,66,26,527
Foreign Currency Translation Reserve on Consolic	lation		
Opening Balance		12,13,189	12,28,377
Add: Additions during the year		(45,444)	(15,188)
Closing Balance	(E)	11,67,745	12,13,189
TOTAL(A + B +	C + D + E)	9,57,11,853	9,90,43,932

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2020

Particulars	As at March 31, 2020 (Rs.)	As at March 31, 2019 (Rs.)
13. Share Capital a) Authorised Share Capital	6,00,00,000	6,00,00,000
6,000,000 Equity Shares with voting rights of Rs. 10/-each b) Issued, Subscribed & Fully Paid Up [4,550,000 Equity Shares with voting rights (Previous Year - 4,550,000) of Rs. 10/- each fully paid-up] Refer Note 13A and Note 13B below	4,55,00,000	4,55,00,000
	4,55,00,000	4,55,00,000

Terms/rights to attached equity shares:

The Company has only one class of Equity share, having a par value of Rs. 10/- . Each holder of equity shares is entitled to one vote per share. In the event of liquidation of the company, the holders of the equity shares will be entitled to receive any of the remaining assets of the company, after distribution of all preferential amount . However, as on date no such preferential amount exists. The distribution will be in proportion to number of equity shares held by the shareholders.

Note 13A: Movement in the outstanding equity shares with voting rights during the year.

	As at March 31, 2020		As at March 31, 2019	
Particulars		Value		Value
	Number	Rs.	Number	Rs.
Shares outstanding at the beginning of the year	45,50,000	4,55,00,000	45,50,000	4,55,00,000
Shares Issued during the year	-	-	-	-
Shares bought back during the year	-	-	-	-
Shares outstanding at the end of the year	45,50,000	4,55,00,000	45,50,000	4,55,00,000

Note 13B: Details of shareholders holding more than 5% shares in the Company

Name of Shareholder	As at March 31, 2020		As at Ma	rch 31, 2019
	No. of Shares held	% of Holding	No. of Shares	% of Holding
			held	
UTI Asset Management Co. Ltd (including 70 shares held by their nominees)	45,50,000	100%	45,50,000	100%

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2020

Particulars	For the year ended March 31, 2020 (Rs.)	For the year ended March 31, 2019 (Rs.)
14. Revenue from Operations		
(i) Interest Income		
Interest on Bank Deposit	46,30,672	29,26,064
Interest on security deposits carried at amortised cost	-	6,83,861
Interest on Income Tax Refund	24,783	-
	46,55,455	36,09,925
(ii) Net Gain/(Loss) on financial instruments at fair value through	profit or loss	
Changes in fair value of investments on marked-to-market (unrealised)	(8,73,196)	16,03,399
	(8,73,196)	16,03,399
(iii) Others - Net gains from Investments		
Profit on sale of Investments (net)	22,553	21,95,134
Distributed Profit from Venture Fund	-	-
	22,553	21,95,134
15. Other Income		
Excess provision written back	30,02,560	-
Other Non Operating Income	6,30,631	2,96,301
ТОТАІ	36,33,191	2,96,301
16. Employee Benefits Expense		
Salaries and Allowances	12,96,000	3,06,000
Gratuity	55,534	90,142
TOTAL	13,51,534	3,96,142

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2020

Particulars	For the year ended March 31, 2020	For the year ended March 31,
	(Rs.)	2019 (Rs.)
17. Other Expenses		
Postage and Communication	-	8,500
Travelling & Conveyance	6,18,236	15,04,907
Repairs and Maintenance - others	4,62,000	18,85,179
Legal & Professional Expenses	74,09,188	59,01,973
Rental expenses on fair valuation of security deposits	-	6,32,178
Rates & Taxes	12,40,974	6,80,416
Staffing Expenses	9,07,206	24,38,836
Other provision (Refer Note 25)	42,000	42,000
Directors Sitting Fees	4,20,000	2,00,000
Insurance Charges	1,42,532	1,73,091
Changes in fair value of investments on marked-to-market		-
Provision for /(Reversal of) Onerous Contracts (net) (Refer Note 25)	(35,15,953)	(1,16,325)
Provision for Contingencies	-	3,63,280
Corporate social responsibility expenditure (Refer Note 23)	9,45,000	9,75,000
Other General Expenses	1,04,062	1,73,219
TOTAL	87,75,245	1,48,62,254

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2020

18 Commitment and Contingencies

	March 31, 2020	March 31, 2019	
Contingent Liabilities			
Claims against the Company not acknowledged as debts -	-	2,23,470	
Disputed income tax demand towards certain adjustments			
by the authorities.			
Towards non-registration as an NBFC with RBI as per section 45(IA) of RBI Act, 1934	5,00,000	-	
Towards probable liability for provident fund of employees who retired on 31-08-2009 and freshly appointed on 01-09-2009, beyond Rs. 6500 salary per month threshold, covered with Ascent Capital Advisors India Pvt Ltd.	31,02,560	-	
with riscent Capital rievisors friend riversed.			

19 Related Parties

a) Names of the related parties

a) Parties of the related parties	
Holding Company	UTI Asset Management Co. Ltd.
Key Management Personnel ('KMP')	Mr. K. E. C. Rajakumar
Enterprise over which KMP has significant influence	Altius Capital India Pvt Ltd Ascent Capital Advisors India Pvt. Ltd.
Administrator and Secretary of the	
component	

Amount in Rs.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2020

b) The disclosures in respect of Related Party Transactions

Amount in Rs.

Nature of Transaction	Key Management Personnel		Holdi	ng Company	Administrator and Secretary of the component	
	2019-20	2018-19	2019-20	2018-19	2019-20	2018-19
i) Transactions during the year						
Remuneration*	4,78,654	75,000	-		-	
Interim Dividend Paid	-	-	-		-	
Purchase of units in Ascent India Fund III	-	-	-		_	
Redemption of units in Ascent India Fund III	-	-	-		_	
Redemption of units in Ascent India Fund	-	-	-		_	
Profit distribution from units in Ascent India Fund and Ascent India Fund III	-	_	_		-	
Administration, secretarial and director fees					41,14,253	25,26,097
Reimbursement of expenses			14,45,500		-	
ii) Outstanding Balances on the year end	1		-		-	
Receivable			14,45,500			
Investments	-	-	-		-	

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2020

In addition to the above,

(a) in connection with the management of Ascent India Fund, the Company has mutually agreed with Ascent Capital Advisors India Private Limited that the fund operation expenses till the liquidation of the fund are to be equally borne by the Company and the latter referred party. In view of this, an arrangement has been made to incur certain specific expenses of the fund directly by each of the companies. Such expenses incurred during the year has been accounted under legal and professional charges in statement of profit or loss.

(b) The Company has purchased and redeemed the following investments in UTI Mutual Fund where the holding company is its assets manager.

Name of the Fund	Balance as at	Amount invested	Amount redeemed	Balance as at March 31, 2020		
	April 1, 2019					
UTI Credit Risk Fund - Direct Growth	1,49,79,396	-	1,00,30,861	49,48,535		
Plan						

All the amounts indicated above are at their cost and redemption value and fair value adopted for recognition as per Ind AS have not been reckoned for this purpose

The appointment of Mr.KEC Raja Kumar as Managing Director and his remuneration for the year 2018-19, 2017-18 and 2016-17 is subject to the approval of the shareholders at the annual general meeting.

No amount is/has been written off or written back during the year in respect of dues from/to related parties

The information relating to related parties has been determined to the extent such parties have been identified on the basis of information provided by the company which has been relied upon by the Auditors

20 Legal & Professional expense include
amount paid/payable to Auditors
towards:

Audit Fees*

Other Matters*

For the year ended March 31, 2020 (Rs.)	For the year ended March 31, 2019 (Rs.)	
8,50,000 2,05,000	8,00,662 1,70,000	
10,55,000	9,70,662	

^{*}net of GST/service tax

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2020

- 21 There were no dues outstanding to Micro and Small enterprises as defined in the Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises Development Act, 2006 as at March 31, 2020. The information regarding micro and small enterprises has been determined based on information collected by management on enquiries made with the vendors, which have been relied upon by the auditors.
- 22 All the employee claims in relation to retirement benefits have already been discharged by the Company. In the opinion of the management no liability towards employee benefits such as Provident Fund/Gratuity liability is due or payable. Hence no provision thereof is made in the financial statements.
- 23 Consequent to the requirements of section 135 of the Companies Act, 2013, a CSR committee has been formed by the Company and in the period April to March 2020 it has recognised ₹ 9,45,000 on various CSR activities specified in Schedule VII of the Companies Act, 2013. This is in line with the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013, which requires the Company to spend minimum of ₹ 9,60,960 (two percent of average net profit of the company for last three financial years) on CSR activities.
- 24 Other provisions in note 11 and 18 refers to provision made for estimated compounding fees payable on delayed filing of forms Annual Performane Report (APR) and Overseas Direct Investments (ODI)

25 Disclosure in respect of movement of provisions made as required by Ind AS 37

Particulars	Provision for Onerous Contract	Provision for Compounding fees	
Opening balance as at April 1, 2018	36,32,277	5,64,000	
Less: Provision withdrawn on account of actual expenses incurred	(36,32,277)	-	
Add: Provision made during the year	35,15,953	42,000	
Balance as at March 31, 2019	35,15,953	6,06,000	
Less: Provision withdrawn on account of actual expenses incurred (April 2019 to March 2020)	l l	-	
Add: Provision made during the period April 2019 to March 2020	-	42,000	
Closing Balance as at March 31, 2020	-	6,48,000	

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2020

26 Income taxes

The major components of income tax expense for the period ended March 31, 2020 and March 31, 2019 are:

Statement of profit and loss:

Profit or loss section

	March 31, 2020	March 31, 2019
Current income tax:		
Current income tax charge	-	-
Taxes of prior years	8,396	7,74,095
Deferred tax:		
Relating to origination and reversal of temporary differences	5,89,463	3,20,297
Income tax expense reported in the statement of profit or loss	5,97,859	10,94,392
	-	
OCI section		
Deferred tax related to items recognised in OCI during the year:		
	March 31, 2020	March 31, 2019
Net loss/(gain) on remeasurement of defined benefit plans	-	(8,782)
Income tax charged to OCI		(8,782)
income tax charged to OCI	-	(0,702)

Reconciliation of tax expense and the accounting profit multiplied by India's domestic tax rate for December 31, 2019 and March 31, 2019:

Particulars	March 31, 2020	March 31, 2019	
Accounting profit before income tax	(26,88,776)	(75,64,575)	
Less: Reduction in loss on consolidation (loss of subsidiary net of consolidation	(12,31,399)	1,05,401	
adjustments)			
Profit of the parent company	(14,57,377)	(76,69,976)	
Enacted income tax rate in India	25.17%	27.82%	
Tax at the applicable tax rate	(3,66,793)	(21,33,787)	
Minimum alternate tax recognised at 18.5% plus cess	-	-	
Provision recognised for prior years' shortfall	8,396	7,74,095	
Expenses not allowed under Income Tax Act	(5,76,834)	19,22,493	
Timing differences allowed under IT Act on payment basis	12,48,034	(14,48,190)	
DTL not recognised on losses on account of lack of future taxable business income	-	16,59,485	
Timing differences considered for DTL	5,89,463	3,20,297	
Income tax expense recorded in the books	9,02,266	10,94,392	

Components of deferred tax expense(income) recognised in Statement of profit and loss and Other comprehensive income:

Particulars	March 31, 2020	March 31, 2019	
Property, Plant and Equipment and Intangible assets	20,784	11,31,215	
Fair valuation of financial instruments	(5,72,485)	(8,18,202)	
Provision for onerous contract	9,78,138	32,361	
Provision for Gratuity	1,63,026	(16,296)	
Total	5,89,463	3,29,079	

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2020

Deferred tax assets	/	(liabilities) as at	March 3	1,	2020 is in relation to:
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Particulars	As at March 31, 2019	Recognised in profit and loss	Recognised in other comprehensive income	Recognised directly in equity	As at March 31, 2020
Property, Plant and Equipment and Intangible assets	89,907	(20,784)	-	-	69,123
Fair valuation of financial instruments	(36,79,768)	5,72,485	-		(31,07,283)
Provision for onerous contract	9,78,138	(9,78,138)	-	-	-
Provision for Gratuity	1,63,026	(1,63,026)	-	-	-
	(24,48,697)	(5,89,463)	-	-	(30,38,160)

Deferred tax assets/(liabilities) as at March 31, 2019 is in relation to:

Particulars	As at April 1, 2018	Recognised in profit and loss	Recognised in other comprehensive income	Recognised directly in equity	As at March 31, 2019
Property, Plant and Equipment and Intangible assets	12,21,122	(11,31,215)	-	-	89,907
Fair valuation of financial instruments	(44,97,970)	8,18,202	-	-	(36,79,768)
Provision for onerous contract	10,10,499	(32,361)	-	-	9,78,138
Provision for Gratuity	1,46,730	16,296	-	=	1,63,026
	(21,19,618)	(3,29,079)	-	-	(24,48,697)

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2020

27 Financial Risk Management

The Group has an exposure to the following risks arising from financial instruments: Credit Risk, Liquidity Risk and Market Risk

A. Risk Management Framework

The parent company's board of directors has the overall responsibility for the establishment and oversight of company's risk management framework. The company's risk management policies are established to identify and analyze the risks faced by the company, to set appropriate risk limits and controls and to monitor risks and adherence to limits. Risk management policies and systems are reviewed regularly to reflect changes in market conditions and company's activities.

B. Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk that counterparty will not meet its obligations under a financial instrument or customer contract, leading to a financial loss. The Group is exposed to credit risk from its operating activities and from its investing activities, including deposits with banks and financial institutions and other financial instruments. The carrying amount of the financial assets represents the maximum credit risk exposure.

Financial Instruments & cash deposits: The Investments of the company are primarily in units mutual funds promoted by Group's parent company and in venture funds managed by the Company/other company.

All the investments in mutual funds have money market instruments and corporate bonds as underlying investments. These bonds and money market instruments are subject to credit risk of the issuer and also subject to interest rate risk. These units can be redeemed at their then Net Assets Value (NAV) minus exit load, if any. These underlying investments are monitored by Asset Managment Company set-up by the parent company. No specific monitoring of the underlying investments are made by the Company.

Following is the exposure of the Company towards credit risk:

Particulars	Carrying Amount	Contractual	Cashflows		
	(March 31, 2020)				
		T 1 1	4.2		
		Less than 1 year	1-3 years		
Investments	6,70,54,332	6,70,54,332	-		
Trade Receivables	-	-	-		
Cash and Cash Equivalents	7,73,54,735	7,73,54,735	-		
Bank balance other than cash and cash equ	-	-	-		
Loans	-	-	-		
Other Financial Assets	14,45,500	14,45,500	-		
	14,58,54,567	14,58,54,567	-		

Particulars	Carrying Amount	Contractual Cashflows			
	(March 31, 2019)				
		Less than 1 year	1-3 years		
Investments	7,79,65,467	7,79,65,467	-		
Trade Receivables	-	-	-		
Cash and Cash Equivalents	2,54,52,959	2,54,52,959	-		
Bank balance other than cash and cash equ	5,00,00,000	5,00,00,000	-		
Loans	-	-	-		
Other Financial Assets	19,21,145	19,21,145	-		
	15,53,39,571	15,53,39,571	-		

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2020

C. Liquidity Risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the company will encounter difficulty in meeting the obligations associated with its financial liabilities that are settled by delivering cash or financial asset. The Group's approach to managing liquidity is to ensure, as far as possible, that it will have sufficient liquidity to meet its liabilities when they are due, under normal and stressed conditions, without incurring unacceptable losses or risking damage to the Company's reputation.

The Company does not have any material financial liabilities exposed towards liquidity risk other than trade payables to be settled within 1 year

Carrying amount of Trade payables as			
at	March 31, 2020	March 31, 2019	
Payable within 1 year	10,55,098	12,23,394	

D. Market Risk

Market risk is the risk that the fair value of future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market prices. Market risk comprises three types of risk: interest rate risk, currency risk and other price risk, such as equity price risk and commodity risk. Financial instruments affected by market risk include loans, investments and deposits with banks.

Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates. The Group's exposure to the risk of changes in market interest rates relates primarily to the Group's financial instruments being investments in mutual funds. Investments in mutual funds are subject to interest rate risk, depending on the market interest rate prevailing, which in turn will affect the value of underlying investments in corporate bonds and money market securities. Increase in interest rate prevailing in the market will decrease market value of the underlying securities and vice versa, particularly for long duration securities. These investments are monitored by Asset Management body set-up by the Group's parent company. No specific monitoring of the underlying investments are made by the Company. Deposits with banks carry fixed interest rates.

Equity price risk

Group's financial instruments subject to equity price risk are its investments in Ascent India Fund and Ascent India Fund III. Investments in Ascent India Fund are monitored by the parent company, being the manager. As per the Private Placement Memorandum of Ascent India Fund, the term of the Fund is eight years plus two years extended with the approval of super majority of the contributors, i.e up to April 14, 2014. The Fund has residual investments to be exited as on date and accordingly the parent Company has taken extension from super majority of the contributors for liquidating underlying investments and for exit of fund before September 30, 2019. Investments in Ascent India fund III are monitored by Ascent Capital Advisors India Pvt Ltd. The term of Ascent India Fund III is extended up to December 31, 2019. Both Funds have invested in equity shares of early stage investment and growth companies. Values of these investments are subject to changes in values of underlying investments.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2020

28 Fair Value Hierarchy

The following table shows the carrying amounts	and fair values of financial assets and financial liabilities.	including their level in the fair value hierarchy:

As at March 31, 2020		Carrying Amount			Fair Value	
	FVTPL	Amortised Cost	Total	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3
Financial Assets:						
Investments	6,70,54,332	=	6,70,54,332	51,31,764	6,19,22,568	=
Loans	-	-	-	-	-	-
Trade Receivables	-	-	-	-	-	-
Cash and cash equivalents	-	7,73,54,735	7,73,54,735	-	-	7,73,54,735
Bank balance other than cash and cash equ	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other financial assets	-	14,45,500	14,45,500	-	-	14,45,500
Total	6,70,54,332	7,88,00,235	14,58,54,567	51,31,764	6,19,22,568	7,88,00,235
Financial Liabilities						
Trade Payables	-	10,55,098	10,55,098	-	-	10,55,098
Other financial liabilities	-	5,17,609	5,17,609	-	-	5,17,609
Total	-	15,72,707	15,72,707	-	-	15,72,707
As at March 31, 2019		Carrying Amount			Fair Value	
	FVTPL	Amortised Cost	Total	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3
Financial Assets:						
Investments	7,79,65,467	=	7,79,65,467	1,72,03,958	6,07,61,509	=
Loans		=	· · · · -		,	=
Trade Receivables	-	-	-	-	=	-
Cash and cash equivalents		2,54,52,959	2,54,52,959			2,54,52,959
Bank balance other than cash and cash equiv-	alents	5,00,00,000	5,00,00,000	-	-	5,00,00,000
Other financial assets		19,21,145	19,21,145			19,21,145
Total	7,79,65,467	7,73,74,104	15,53,39,571	1,72,03,958	6,07,61,509	7,73,74,104
Financial Liabilities						
Tue de Damblee	-	12,23,394	12,23,394			12,23,394
Trade Payables						
Other financial liabilities	-	86,499	86,499			86,499

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2020

29 Capital Management

The primary objective of the company's capital management is to maximize the shareholder value as well as to maintain investor, creditor and market confidence and to sustain future development of the company.

The Company manages its capital structure and makes adjustments in light of changes in economic conditions and the requirements of the financial covenants. To maintain or adjust the capital structure, the Company may adjust the dividend payment to shareholders, return capital to shareholders or issue new shares.

The Company is predominently Equity financed and hence does not monitor capital by any techniques.

30 The following table shows an analysis of assets & liabilities analysed according to when they are expected to be recovered or settled

Particulars		As at March 31, 2020	<u>, ı</u>	Covered of settled		
	Within 12 months		Total			
ASSETS						
Investments	-	6,70,54,332	6,70,54,332			
Trade Receivables	-	=	=			
Cash and Cash Equivalents	7,73,54,735	-	7,73,54,735			
Bank balance other than cash and cash eq	-	-	-			
Loans	-	-	-			
Other Financial Assets	-		-			
Current tax assets (net)	-	5,86,299	5,86,299			
Property, plant and equipment		-	-			
Other Non Financial assets	29,855	-	29,855			
Total Assets	7,73,84,590	6,76,40,631	14,50,25,221			
LIABILITIES						
Total outstanding dues of micro and						
small enterprises	_	-	-			
Total outstanding dues of creditors other						
than micro enterprises and small						
enterprises	10,55,098	-	10,55,098			
Other Financial Liabilities	5,17,609	-	5,17,609			
Deferred Tax Liability	-	30,38,161	30,38,161			
Provisions	-	6,48,000	6,48,000			
		-				
Total Assets	15,72,707	36,86,161	52,58,868			

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2020

Particulars	As at March 31, 2019					
	Within 12 months	After 12 months	Total			
ASSETS						
Investments	-	7,79,65,467	7,79,65,467			
Trade Receivables	-	-	-			
Cash and Cash Equivalents	2,54,52,959	-	2,54,52,959			
Bank balance other than cash and cash equ	5,00,00,000	-	5,00,00,000			
Loans	-	-	-			
Other Financial Assets	19,21,145	-	19,21,145			
Current tax assets (net)	-	5,42,838	5,42,838			
Property, plant and equipment		-	-			
Other Non Financial assets	1,30,631	-	1,30,631			
Total Assets	7,75,04,735	7,85,08,305	15,60,13,040			
LIABILITIES						
Total outstanding dues of micro and small enterprises	-	-	-			
Total outstanding dues of creditors other than micro enterprises and small						
enterprises	12,23,394	-	12,23,394			
Other Financial Liabilities	86,499	-	86,499			
Deferred Tax Liability	-	24,48,698	24,48,698			
Provisions	30,02,560	47,07,957	77,10,517			
Total Assets	43,12,453	71,56,655	1,14,69,108			

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2020

31 Additional information as required by paragraph 2 of the General Instructions for preparation of Consolidated Financial Statements to Schedule III to the Companies Act, 2013

For the year ended March 31, 2020

	Net Assets i.e., total assets minus total liabilities		Shar	re of profit or loss	Share of other comprehensive income	
Name of the entity in the Group	As % of consolidated net assets	Amount	As % of consolidated profit or loss Amount As		As % of consolidated profit or loss	Amount
Holding Company						
UTI Venture Funds Management						
Company Private Limited	101.81%	14,37,63,563	97.10%	(31,91,444)	-	=
Subsidiary - Overseas						
UTI Private Equity Limited	-1.81%	(25,51,710)	2.90%	(95,191)		-
Total	100.00%	14,12,11,853	100.00%	(32,86,635)	-	-

For the year ended March 31, 2019

-

	Net Assets i.e., to	Net Assets i.e., total assets minus total		re of profit or loss	Share of other comprehensive income	
Name of the entity in the Group	As % of consolidated net assets	Amount	As % of consolidated profit or loss	Amount	As % of consolidated profit or loss	Amount
Holding Company						
UTI Venture Funds Management						
Company Private Limited	101.70%	14,70,00,451	95.39%	(82,59,810)	100.00%	22,784
Subsidiary - Overseas						
UTI Private Equity Limited	-1.70%	(24,56,519)	4.61%	(3,99,157)	0.00%	-
Total	100.00%	14,45,43,932	100.00%	(86,58,967)	100.00%	22,784